

China

Release: November 2022

Data source

Release: November 2022
Data: © Michael Bauer Research GmbH 2022 based on © National Bureau of Statistics of China, UN.
Boundaries: © Michael Bauer Research GmbH, Nuremberg, Germany, 2022.
Settlement Points: Oct 2017 Nominal Spacing: 75-meters Based on: 2013 MDA BaseVue Land Cover (redelivered by MDA in 2016) 2016 Landsat8 Panchromatic Texture 2016 HERE Road Intersections 2016 GeoNames Populated Places 2017 Vectors 20180731 MBR

Dataset Information

China	
3 Letter ISO Country code	CHN
Currency	Chinese yuan
3 Letter Currency code	CNY
Number of attributes available	129
Number of geography levels	4

Geography Levels

Geography Levels	Geography Levels Available for China	Available through ArcGIS.com Maps	Feature Count
Country	X	X	1
Provincial Level Divisions	X	X	31
Prefectural Level Divisions	X	X	341
County Level Divisions	X	X	2850

Data Apportionment Settings

Learn about [data apportionment](#).

Threshold Upper Bound	Aggregation Method	Level of Geography
150 km	Block Apportion	CN.CountyLevel
more	Centroids In Polygon	CN.CountyLevel

China

Release: November 2022

Change Summary

Changes to geography level names

None.

New Attributes

Attribute Name	Alias Name	Category
EDUC_BASE	2022 Education Attainment Base	Education
HTYP_BASE	2022 Households by Type Base	Households
MRST_BASE	2022 Marital Status Base	Marital Status

Attributes no longer available

None.

Change Notes

Market Data are now projections for 2022 (before: 2021). Unemployed persons are shown for 2021 (before 2020). The Purchasing Power projections for 2022 show an upward trend due to economic growth. Consumer Spending 2022 shows deviations from 2020 with shifts within categories due to the different developments in the Covid-19 pandemic. Using new Census data leads to higher deviations in Population, Households and the respective dependent variables. 1% national population decrease: new input data of the Chinese National Bureau of Statistics was included in the projection for 2022.

The updated settlement points have been constrained using current MBR boundaries. These settlement points could result in minor changes to previously run values in some trade areas. Settlement points are used in the data apportionment algorithm to redistribute data variables to input polygon features.

Other Data Notes

None.